## The Draft Fiscal Year 2024 Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies Funding Bill

**Department of Education (ED)** – The bill includes a total of \$57.1 billion in discretionary appropriations for ED, a cut of \$22.5 billion – 28 percent – below the FY 2023 enacted level. Of this amount:

- The bill includes \$3.7 billion for **Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies**, a cut of \$14.7 billion below the FY 2023 enacted level. This cut could force a nationwide reduction of 220,000 teachers from classrooms serving low-income students.
- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for **English Language Acquisition**, a cut of \$890 million that would remove vital academic support for 5 million English learners nationwide.
- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for **Title II-A (Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants)**, a cut of \$2.2 billion below the enacted level.
- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for **Promise Neighborhoods**, a cut of \$91 million below the enacted level.
- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for **Social and Emotional Learning (SEL) grants** within the Education Innovation and Research program, a cut of \$87 million below the enacted level.
- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for **Magnet Schools**, a cut of \$139 million below the enacted level.
- The bill includes \$100 million for **Full-Service Community Schools**, a cut of \$50 million below the enacted level.
- The bill fails to provide an increase for the maximum **Pell Grant** award for the first time since 2012.
- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for **Federal Work Study**, a cut of \$1.2 billion that would eliminate work-based assistance to 660,000 students nationwide
- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants, a cut of \$910 million that would eliminate need-based financial aid for 1.7 million students nationwide
- The bill includes \$1.8 billion for **Student Aid Administration**, a cut of \$265 million below the enacted level.
- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for **Teacher Quality Partnerships**, a cut of \$70 million below the enacted level.
- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for **Child Care Access Means Parents in School**, a cut of \$75 million below the enacted level.
- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for **Hawkins Centers of Excellence**, a cut of \$15 million below the enacted level.
- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for **HBCU**, **TCU**, and **MSI Research and Development Infrastructure Grants**, a cut of \$50 million below the enacted level.

• The bill includes \$105 million for the **Office for Civil Rights**, a cut of \$35 million below the enacted level.

**Department of Labor (DOL)** – The bill includes a total of \$9.1 billion in discretionary appropriations for DOL, a cut of \$4.7 billion – 34 percent – below the FY 2023 enacted level. Of this amount:

- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for **WIOA Adult Job Training** state grants, a cut of \$886 million that would eliminate job training and employment services for 300,000 adults who face barriers to employment.
- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for **WIOA Youth Job Training** state grants, a cut of \$948 million that would eliminate job training and employment services for 128,000 youth who face barriers to employment.
- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for **Job Corps**, a cut of \$1.8 billion that would eliminate job training and employment services for 50,000 youth who face barriers to employment.
- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for the **Senior Community Service Employment Program**, a cut of \$405 million that would eliminate community service positions for more than 40,000 low-wage seniors.
- The bill includes \$1.4 billion for the **Worker Protection Agencies** at the Department of Labor, a cut of \$313 million below the enacted level, including—
  - \$153 million for the Employee Benefits Security Administration, a cut of
    \$38 million below the enacted level
  - \$185 million for the Wage and Hour Division, a cut of \$75 million below the enacted level
  - \$537 million for the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, a cut of \$95 million below the enacted level
- The bill includes \$98 million for the **Office of the Solicitor**, a cut of \$33 million below the enacted level.
- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for the **Bureau of International Labor Affairs (ILAB)**, a cut of \$116 million below the enacted level.
- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for the **Women's Bureau**, a cut of \$23 million below the enacted level (including elimination of the Women in Apprenticeship & Nontraditional Occupations program).

**Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)** – The bill includes a total of \$103.7 billion for HHS, a cut of \$17.4 billion – 14 percent – below the FY 2023 enacted level. Of this amount:

• National Institutes of Health (NIH) – The bill includes a total of \$44.6 billion for NIH, a cut of \$2.8 billion below enacted level, including:

- \$7.1 billion for the National Cancer Institute (NCI), a cut of \$216 million below the enacted level
- \$2.7 billion for the National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke (NINDS), a cut of \$139 million below the enacted level
- \$2.2 billion for the National Institute of Mental Health (NIMH), a cut of \$139 million below the enacted level
- \$5.1 billion for the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious
  Diseases (NIAID), a cut of \$1.5 billion below the enacted level
- Advanced Research Projects Agency for Health (ARPA-H) The bill includes \$500 million for ARPA-H, a cut of \$1 billion below the enacted level.
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) The bill includes a total of \$7.6 billion for CDC, a cut of 1.6 billion below the enacted level.
  - The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for Firearm Injury and Mortality Prevention Research, a cut of \$12.5 million below the enacted level
  - The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for **Tobacco Prevention and Control**, a cut of \$247 million below the enacted level
  - The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for the Ending the HIV Epidemic initiative, a cut of \$220 million below the enacted level
  - The bill includes \$100 million for Public Health Infrastructure and Capacity, a cut of \$250 million below the enacted level
  - The bill includes \$75 million for Public Health Data Modernization, a cut of \$100 million below the enacted level
  - The bill includes \$371 million for Global Health, a cut of \$322 million below the enacted level
  - The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for the Climate and Health program, a cut of \$10 million below the enacted level
  - The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for the Center for Forecasting and Analytics, a cut of \$50 million below the enacted level
- Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) The bill funds SAMHSA at \$7.1 billion, a cut of \$234 million below the enacted level.
- Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) The bill includes \$7.3 billion for HRSA, a cut of more than \$700 million below the enacted level. (The comparison does not include Community Project Funding included in the FY 2023 enacted bill.)
  - The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for **Title X Family Planning**, a cut of \$286 million below the enacted level

- The bill includes \$781 million for the Maternal and Child Health Block
  Grant, a cut of \$35 million below the enacted level
- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for **Healthy Start**, a cut of \$145 million below the enacted level
- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for the Ending HIV Epidemic initiative, a cut of \$220 million below the enacted level
- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for multiple programs to support diversity in the healthcare workforce, including—
  - Health Careers Opportunity Program (\$16 million)
  - Centers of Excellence (\$28 million)
  - Nursing Workforce Diversity (\$24 million)
- Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for AHRQ, a cut of \$374 million below the enacted level.
- Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) The bill includes a total of \$3.3 billion for CMS administrative expenses, a cut of \$798 million below the enacted level.
- Administration for Children and Families (ACF) The bill provides \$28.3 billion for ACF, a cut of \$4.8 billion below the enacted level.
  - The bill includes a total of \$11.2 billion for Head Start, a cut of \$750 million below the enacted level. This cut would result in more than 50,000 children losing access to Head Start programs.
  - The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for **Preschool Development Grants**, a cut of \$315 million below the enacted level
  - The bill includes \$457 million for refugee programs, including Transitional and Medical Services and Refugee Support Services, a cut of \$414 million below the enacted level
  - The bill includes \$2.25 billion for the **Unaccompanied Children** program, a cut of \$3.3 billion below the enacted level.
- Administration for Community Living (ACL) The bill includes \$2.5 billion for ACL, a cut of \$22 million below the enacted level.
- Office of the Secretary—General Departmental Management The bill includes \$344 million for GDM, a cut of \$258 million below the enacted level.
  - The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for the **Teen Pregnancy Prevention Program**, a cut of \$108 million below the enacted level
  - The bill includes \$26 million for the Office of Minority Health, a cut of \$49 million below the enacted level.

- The bill includes \$28 million for the **Minority HIV/AIDS Initiative**, a cut of \$24 million below the enacted level.
- The bill includes \$20 million for the Office on Women's Health, a cut of \$49 million below the enacted level.

## **Related Agencies –**

- The bill <u>eliminates</u> funding for the **Corporation for Public Broadcasting**, a cut of \$595 million below the enacted level.
- The bill includes \$661 million for the **Corporation for National and Community Service**, a cut of \$652 million below the enacted level.
- The bill includes \$200 million for the **National Labor Relations Board**, a cut of \$99 million below the enacted level.
- The bill includes \$13.8 billion for the **Social Security Administration**, a cut of \$183 million below the enacted level.

## Policy Riders -

- The bill includes multiple policy riders to block the Department of Labor from implementing regulatory changes that would improve working conditions for workers in various industries.
- The bill includes a prohibition on funding to conduct or support research using fetal tissue.
- The bill includes a prohibition on funding for Planned Parenthood health centers.
- The bill includes multiple policy riders to block access to abortion services or reproductive healthcare services.
- The bill includes multiple policy riders to block the Biden Administration's policies to ensure nondiscrimination on the basis of gender identity or sexual orientation.
- The bill includes a rider to amend the Public Health Service Act to create a right to monetary damages in a civil action for a violation of the Weldon amendment (which allows health care providers to discriminate against patients by refusing to provide, pay for, cover, or refer for abortion).

- The bill includes a rider to block the Department of Education from issuing a final rule to prevent sex discrimination and sex-based harassment at schools or a final rule to clarify how all students can participate in athletics.
- The bill includes multiple riders to block the Department of Education from implementing regulations related to student loans and income-driven repayment.
- The bill includes a rider to prevent the NLRB from implementing a rule related to Joint Employer status.
- The bill includes a rider to block funding related to Critical Race Theory.
- The bill includes multiple riders to prevent policies or programs intended to promote diversity, equity, or inclusion.
- The bill includes a rider to block funding to take action against a person who opposes marriage equality.
- The bill includes a rider to limit which flags can be flown over a federal facility.

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Source: Press release of Congresswoman Rosa De Lauro, minority chair of the committee who strongly opposes these cuts.